

Safety Data Sheet dated 30/10/2017, version 1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1 Product identifier Mixture identification: Trade code and name: 306MEPT - MAST. EPOWER TRASPARENTE B00 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Glue for marble and stones Only for professional use. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company: BELLINZONI S.r.I. Via Mezzano 64, 28069 Trecate (NO) - Italy Tel. +39 0321 770558 Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: laboratorio@bellinzoni.com 1.4. Emergency telephone number E.U.: Centro Antiveleni - Ospedale di Niguarda - Milano - Tel. +39 0266101029 SECTION 2: Hazards identification 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP) ۲ Warning, Flam. Lig. 3, Flammable liquid and vapour. Warning, STOT SE 3, May cause respiratory irritation. Warning, Skin Irrit. 2, Causes skin irritation. Warning, Eye Irrit. 2, Causes serious eye irritation. Warning, Repr. 2, Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Danger, STOT RE 1, Causes damage to ear through prolonged or repeated exposure via inhalation... Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: No other hazards 2.2. Label elements Hazard pictograms: Danger

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to ear through prolonged or repeated exposure via inhalation..

Precautionary statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260.F Do not breathe vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Special Provisions:

. None Contains

styrene

Octabenzone: May produce an allergic reaction.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments: None



2.3. Other hazards

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Number		Classification
>= 25% - < 30%	styrene	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	601-026-00-0 100-42-5 202-851-5 01-2119457861-32	 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 4.1/C3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335 3.7/2 Repr. 2 H361d 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332 3.9/1 STOT RE 1 H372 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319
>= 0.5% - < 1%	Octabenzone	CAS: EC: REACH No.:	1843-05-6 217-421-2 01-2119557833-30	3.4.2/1B Skin Sens. 1B H317
>= 0.5% - < 1%	2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl) imino]bisethanol	CAS: EC:	3077-12-1 221-359-1	 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap. If irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediatley and dispose off safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult a medic immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY. In case of Inhalation:

- Ventilate the premises. The patient is to be removed immediately from the contaminated premises to rest in a well ventilated area. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.
- In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See section 11 for known symptoms and effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment: None

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

CO2 or Dry chemical fire extinguisher.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:



Do not use water jets. Water may noty be effective fire fighting measure, however it can be used to cool closed containers close to flames as to avoid bursting and exploding. None in particular.

- 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
- Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases. Burning produces heavy smoke. Carbon oxides.
- 5.3. Advice for firefighters
 - Use suitable breathing apparatus .
 - Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 - Wear personal protection equipment.
 - Remove all sources of ignition.
 - Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.
 - Provide adequate ventilation.
 - Use appropriate respiratory protection.
 - See protective measures under point 7 and 8.
 - 6.2. Environmental precautions
 - Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
 - Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.
 - In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.
 - Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
 - 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
 - Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible
 - absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations.
 - 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- 7.1. Precautions for safe handling
 - Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhaltion of vapours and mists.
 - Exercise the greatest care when handling or opening the container.
 - Use localized ventilation system.
 - Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
 - Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers. Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

 - Do not eat or drink while working.
 - See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.
 - 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Always keep in a well ventilated place.
 - Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.
 - Keep away from food, drink and feed.
 - None in particular.
 - Instructions as regards storage premises:
 - Cool and adequately ventilated.
 - 7.3. Specific end use(s)
 - See Point 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- 8.1. Control parameters styrene - CAS: 100-42-5 EU - TWA(8h): 85 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL(): 170 mg/m3, 40 ppm - Notes: Pelle ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm - STEL: 40 ppm - Notes: A4, BEI - CNS impair, URT irr, peripheral neuropathy **DNEL Exposure Limit Values** styrene - CAS: 100-42-5 Worker Professional: 406 mg/kg - Consumer: 343 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 2.1 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 85 mg/m3 - Consumer: 10.2 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term. systemic effects Worker Professional: 289 mg/m³ - Consumer: 174.25 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 306 mg/m3 - Consumer: 182.75 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects Octabenzone - CAS: 1843-05-6 Worker Professional: 6.6 mg/m3 - Consumer: 1.6 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
 - Worker Professional: 1.87 mg/kg Consumer: 0.9 mg/kg Exposure: Human Dermal Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects



Consumer: 0.9 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects PNEC Exposure Limit Values styrene - CAS: 100-42-5 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.028 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.028 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.614 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.0614 mg/kg Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.2 mg/kg Target: 14 - Value: 0.04 mg/l Target: Purification plant - Value: 5 mg/l Octabenzone - CAS: 1843-05-6 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.052 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.0052 mg/l Target: Intermittent emissions - Value: 0.52 ma/l Target: Purification plant - Value: 1 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 332 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 33.2 mg/kg Target: Soil - Value: 66.1 mg/kg 8.2. Exposure controls Eye protection: Use close fitting safety goggles and/or visor conforming to BS 2092 GRADE 1). Protection for skin: Wear safety clothing that ensure full skin protection in accordance to EN 14605 Type 4 in case of spills or spray (e.g. Tyrek). Please note: safety clothing must be changed immediately if it comes in contact with product. Protection for hands: Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, EN374 Class 3 (F). Permeation time > 60 minutes: 0.4 mm thickness. Respiratory protection: Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged. Use adequate protective respiratory devices, using Filter "A" (Brown colour) for organic gas and vapors with boiling points over 65°C. Thermal Hazards: None Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation systems or from work processes must be check as to ensure compliance to environmental protection legistation. In some cases the addition of vapour scrubbers, filters or other system modification may be necessary in order to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. None Appropriate engineering controls: None **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties** 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Properties Notes Value Method: Appearance and colour: Clear thixotrophic paste Odour: Typical of solvent Odour threshold: N.D. --pH: N.A Melting point / freezing point: -31°C ----Initial boiling point and boiling 145°C ___ . range: Flash point: 32°C Evaporation rate: N.D.

Solid/gas flammability:	N.A.	
Upper/lower flammability or	N.D.	
explosive limits:		
Vapour pressure:	6,67 hPa	
Vapour density:	3,6 (aria= 1)	
Relative density:	1.100 g/cm ³	
Solubility in water:	Insoluble	
Solubility in oil:	N.D.	
Partition coefficient		
(n-octanol/water):		
Auto-ignition temperature:	490 °C	
Decomposition temperature:	N.D.	
Viscosity:	> 20.5 mm ² /s	
-	(40°C)	
Explosive properties:	N.D.	



9.2. Other information			
Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Miscibility:	N.A.		
Fat Solubility:	N.A.		
Conductivity:	N.A.		
Substance Groups relevant	N.A.		
properties			
ION 10: Stability and reactivity			
10.1. Reactivity			
Stable under normal co	nditions		
10.2. Chemical stability			
Stable under recommen		rage conditions (see	point 7).
10.3. Possibility of hazardous re			
	act with oxidising	mineral acids, and	oowerful oxidising agents.
10.4. Conditions to avoid			
	ot surfaces, spar	ks, open flames and	other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid accumula
electrostatic charge. Stable under normal cor	ditions		
10.5. Incompatible materials	iuitions.		
Avoid contact with comb	oustible materials	The product could a	catch fire.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	products		
None.			
ION 11: Toxicological information			
11.1. Information on toxicologica			
Toxicological information of the N.A.	product:		
Toxicological information of the	main cubstances	found in the product	
styrene - CAS: 100-42-5			•
a) acute toxicity:			
	ute: Oral - Specie	es: Rat = 5000 mg/kg	1
		Species: Rat = 11.8	
			- Notes: OECD 402
 i) STOT-repeated expos 	sure:	-	-
Test: LOAEL(C)	- Route: Oral - S	Species: Rat = 2000 i	ng/kg - Notes: bw/day
			mg/kg - Notes: bw/day
		on - Species: Rat = 0).21 mg/l
Octabenzone - CAS: 18	43-05-6		
a) acute toxicity:	uto: Oral Space	es: Rat > 5.000 mg/k	a
		es: Rabbit > 5.000 mg/k	
d) respiratory or skin se		es. Rabbit > 5.000 m	g/kg
Test: Skin Sens	itization - Route:	Skin - Species: GUI	NEA PIG Positive - Source: OECD -406
		Speedor CON	
styrene - CAS: 100-42-5			ledical observation is therefore necessary for 48 ho
styrene - CAS: 100-42-5 Symptoms may		urs after exposure. N	
Symptoms may after exposure.		iness or dizziness. Ir	halation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: m
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint	estinal tract, alon	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit	halation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: m and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint	estinal tract, alon	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit	shalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: may and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	nhalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: may and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re If not differently specified, the in	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	halation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: mand diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re If not differently specified, the in a) acute toxicity;	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f formation require	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	nhalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: may and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re If not differently specified, the in a) acute toxicity; b) skin corrosion/irritation	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f formation require n;	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	nhalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: may and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re If not differently specified, the in a) acute toxicity; b) skin corrosion/irritatio c) serious eye damage/	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f formation require n; rritation;	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	nhalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: may and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re If not differently specified, the in a) acute toxicity; b) skin corrosion/irritatio c) serious eye damage/ d) respiratory or skin se	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f formation require n; rritation; nsitisation;	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	nhalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: may and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re If not differently specified, the in a) acute toxicity; b) skin corrosion/irritatio c) serious eye damage/	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f formation require n; rritation; nsitisation;	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	nhalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: may and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re If not differently specified, the in a) acute toxicity; b) skin corrosion/irritatio c) serious eye damage/ d) respiratory or skin se e) germ cell mutagenicit	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f formation require n; rritation; nsitisation;	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	nhalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: ma and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re If not differently specified, the in a) acute toxicity; b) skin corrosion/irritatio c) serious eye damage/i d) respiratory or skin se e) germ cell mutagenicit f) carcinogenicity; g) reproductive toxicity; h) STOT-single exposur	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f formation require n; rritation; nsitisation; y; e;	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	nhalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: may and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re If not differently specified, the in a) acute toxicity; b) skin corrosion/irritatio c) serious eye damage/i d) respiratory or skin se e) germ cell mutagenicit f) carcinogenicity; g) reproductive toxicity; h) STOT-single exposur i) STOT-repeated expose	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f formation require n; rritation; nsitisation; y; e;	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	nhalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: may and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.
Symptoms may after exposure. irritate gastroint ingestion may re If not differently specified, the in a) acute toxicity; b) skin corrosion/irritatio c) serious eye damage/i d) respiratory or skin se e) germ cell mutagenicit f) carcinogenicity; g) reproductive toxicity; h) STOT-single exposur	estinal tract, alon esult in reduced f formation require n; rritation; nsitisation; y; e;	iness or dizziness. Ir g with nausea, vomit etal weitht, increase	nhalation: may irritate respitratory tract. Ingestion: may and diarrea, disorientation. Inhalation, skin contact risk of fetal death, skeletal malformations.

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. styrene - CAS: 100-42-5 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 4.02 mg/l - Duration h: 96



Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 4.9 mg/l - Duration h: 72 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 4.7 mg/kg - Duration h: 48 Endpoint: EC10 - Species: Algae = 0.28 mg/l - Duration h: 96 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Daphnia = 1.01 mg/l - Duration h: 504 Octabenzone - CAS: 1843-05-6 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish > 100 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: OECD - 203 Endpoint: EC10 - Species: Daphnia > 0.0038 mg/l - Duration h: 48 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae > 100 mg/l - Duration h: 72 12.2. Persistence and degradability Not persistent. 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative 12.4. Mobility in soil Do not mix with waste water, rain or surface water. Floats on water, evaporates from liquid and solid surfaces but a signicant amount may penerate and pollute water table. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment vPvB Substances; None - PBT Substances; None 12.6. Other adverse effects None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. DO NOT discharge into sewers, watercourses, ponds, canals or ditches. Empty product containers must be completely drained and stored safely until appropriately processes or disposed. Empty containers must be recycled, recovered or disposed of by a qualified and authorized company operating in compliance with current recycling, recovery and disposal regulations. It is advisable to provide the desposal company with all safety information of the material contained in the empty packaging. DO NOT pressurize, DO NOT cut, DO NOT weld, DO NOT puncture, DO NOT crush, DO NOT expose empty containers to heat, flames, sparks, electrostatic discharge or other sources of ignition.

SECTION 14: Transport information ADR/RID-Class

ADR/RID-Class If transported without hardener: Not liable for receptacles equal or less than 450 litres, transported in accordance with 2.2.3.1.5 ADR.

If transported as Polyester Resin Kit (with hardener): Limited quantities, not liable to ADR norms for internal packages of up to 5L and a maximum 30 kg per pack.

UN number: Packing Group: Shipping Name: Transport category : Classification code: Label:	3269 III Polyester Resin Kit 3 F1 3
IMDG/IMO If transported without hardener: UN number: Packing Group: Shipping Name: Transport category : Class: IMDG-label: IMDG-EMS:	1263 III Paint 3 3 3 F-E,S-E
If transported as Polyester Resin Kit UN number: Packing Group: Shipping Name:: Transport category: Class: IMDG-label: IMDG-EMS:	(with hardener): 3269 III Polyester Resin Kit 3 3 F-E,S-D

Marine pollutant MARPOL (Annex II/III): No



For the correct trasposrt classification according to European decrees pertaining to international transport of dangerous goods by road (ADR) and by sea (IMDG), please refer to the goods' transport documentation.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work) Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values) Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013 Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: Restriction 3 Restriction 40 Restrictions related to the substances contained: Restriction 30 Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs =282.45 g/Kg= 310.70 g/l Volatile CMR substances = 0.00 % Halogenated VOCs which are assigned the risk phrase R40 = 0.00 % Dry weight (% wt):71.75 Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions : Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents). Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III): Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1 Product belongs to category: P5c

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H372 Causes damage to ear through prolonged or repeated exposure via inhalation..

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Flam. Liq. 3	2.6/3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	3.10/1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1B	3.4.2/1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
Repr. 2	3.7/2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
STOT SE 3	3.8/3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3
STOT RE 1	3.9/1	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1

4.1/C3



Aquatic Chronic 3

Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361d	Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372.1	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources: ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the

European Communities SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended. This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
N.A.:	Not available
N.D.:	Not determined.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA:	Time-weighted average